

LISTENING COMPREHENSION 1

1. What's Sam doing tonight?

2. When was Leonardo da Vinci born?

- A. In 1432.
- B. In 1442.
- C. In 1452.
- D. In 1562.

3. Where was Leonardo da Vinci born?

- A. In Florence.
- B. In Paris.
- C. In Tuscany.
- D. In Rome.

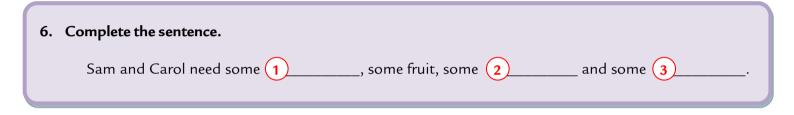
4. According to the dialogue, which sentence is FALSE?

- A. Leonardo da Vinci started working at 51.
- B. Leonardo da Vinci was vegetarian.
- C. Leonardo da Vinci started working in Florence when he was 14 years old.
- D. Leonardo da Vinci started La Gioconda when he was 51 years old.

5. Answer the question:

Is Sam more interested in Leo Messi than in Leonardo da Vinci?

LISTENING COMPREHENSION 2



7. Where is the fruit section?

- A. In front of the bakery.
- B. Next to the milk section.
- C. Next to the bakery.
- D. Behind the bakery.

8. Which <u>one</u> of these sentences is TRUE?

- A. Bananas are cheaper than apples.
- B. Apples are cheaper than bananas.
- C. Apples are more expensive than bananas.
- D. Apples are as cheap as bananas.

9. Which <u>one</u> of these sentences is FALSE?

- A. They don't buy any tomatoes.
- B. They don't buy any milk.
- C. They don't buy any carrots.
- D. They don't buy any bananas.

10. Do they buy any sweets?

WRITING

What did you do last week?

11. Escriu un text explicant en anglès algunes de les activitats que vares fer la setmana passada (60-80 paraules). No les repeteixis. Si no les recordes totes, pots inventar-ne algunes.

You can write about:

- What you did at school.
- What you did after school.
- What you did at the weekend.
- The people you met.
- The best moments.









Spend your summer holidays with me!

12. Escriu un e-mail convidant un amic/ga teu/va a visitar-te durant les vacances d'estiu (60-80 paraules).

You can write about:

- Describe the place where you live (people, weather...).
- Activities you can do together (sports, hobbies, shops, restaurants...).
- Places to visit (zoo, museums, monuments...).



READING COMPREHENSION

London 2012 Olympic games



Athletics is an olympic sport since 1896. This competition requires the athletes to run faster, throw further and jump higher and longer than their rivals.

WHAT?

One of the most popular sports and with more competitors at the London 2012 Olympic Games is Athletics. There will be 2,000 athletes running, walking, jumping and throwing for gold.

There are four main types of competitions:

- Track competitions (for example 100 m).
- Field competitions (for example High Jump).
- Combined competitions (for example Decathlon).
- Road competitions (for example Marathon).

WHEN?

From Friday 3rd August to Sunday 12th August.

WHO?

There will be 2.000 athletes competing in 47 different events.

Did you know?

The Marathon race commemorates the run of a Greek soldier, Pheidippides. In 490 BC he took a message from the town of Marathon to Athens. When he arrived, he died. He ran 171 miles in two days!



Adapted from http://www.london2012.com

WHERE?



The Olympic and Paralympic competitions will take place in the Olympic Stadium, located in the south of the Olympic Park.



The road competitions will start and finish in The Mall, a famous avenue in the centre of London.

13. Complete this sentence:

The athletes at the London 2012 Olympic Games will walk, _____, jump and throw for gold.

14. Which one of these sentences is FALSE?

- A. There will be 2,000 athletes at the London 2012 Olympic Games.
- B. There will be 47 Athletics events at the London 2012 Olympic Games.
- C. There will be four types of competitions at the London 2012 Olympic Games.
- D. The London 2012 Athletics competitions will take six days.

15. According to the text, which <u>one</u> of these sentences is TRUE?

- A. The Marathon will start and finish in the Mall.
- B. The Marathon is a track competition.
- C. The Marathon will be on Sunday 4th August.
- D. The Marathon will start and finish in the Olympic Stadium.

16. Where will track, field and combined competitions be?

Jamie Oliver

Jamie Oliver is a very famous cook in the United Kingdom. He is a phenomenon in the world of food for many different reasons. When he was a boy his parents had a restaurant and he frequently helped in the kitchen. In 1999, when he was only 23 years old, he became famous with his first television series "The Naked Chef". He has many years of cooking experience and people around the world buy his books.

Apart from his books, TV programmes and restaurants, he also wants to motivate healthy eating. In 2002 he created a foundation to teach and give work in restaurants to young people with social problems. Some of

his workers are drug addicts who are trying to rehabilitate.

On top of that, in 2005, he explained in a TV programme that the food at British schools was of poor quality. Thanks to that, now the government makes better school lunch plans and spends more money on them.

Jamie tries to fight what he calls "the obesity epidemic of England".

Jamie Oliver always does surprising things that are educational, entertaining, good for people and very tasty!



17. What did Jamie Oliver usually do at his parents' restaurant?



19. What is "The Naked Chef"?

- A. Jamie Oliver's first restaurant.
- B. Jamie Oliver's first book.
- C. Jamie Oliver's first famous TV programme.
- D. Jamie Oliver's foundation.

20. What did Jamie Oliver create?

- A. A collection of books about vegetarian cooking.
- B. A restaurant for his parents.
- C. A foundation to help people with problems.
- D. A school to teach children healthy habits.

21. What did Jamie Oliver think of food at British schools?

- A. It was expensive.
- B. It was tasty.
- C. It was high quality.
- D. It wasn't of good quality.

